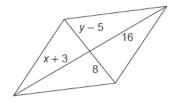


Quadrilaterals

2. In the parallelogram below, find the values of x and y.



A.
$$x = 5, y = 21$$

B.
$$x = 8, y = 16$$

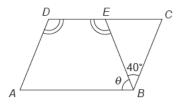
C.
$$x = 13, y = 13$$

D.
$$x = 16, y = 8$$

3. Which of the following reasons CANNOT prove for parallelogram?

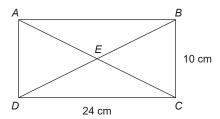
- A. Opposite angles equal
- B. A pair of sides equal and parallel
- C. Diagonals bisect each other
- D. Diagonals are perpendicular

4. *ABCD* is a parallelogram, $\theta =$



- **A.** 50°
- **B.** 60°
- C. 70°
- D. 80°

5. E is the intersection point of two diagonals AC and BD of a rectangle ABCD. AE =



- **A.** 12 cm
- **B.** 13 cm
- **C.** 16 cm
- **D.** 17 cm
- **6.** Which of the following is a kind of parallelogram?
 - A. Rhombus
 - **B.** Kite
 - C. Trapezium
 - D. Pentagon