

Laws of Integral Indices

- 1. Simplify the following expressions and write the answers in positive indices.
 - (a) $2^6 \times 2^3$
 - **(b)** $3a^4 \times 9a^5$
 - (c) $\frac{(x^2)^4}{x^5}$
 - (d) $8a^3b^2 \div 2a^2b$
- 2. Simplify the following. Express the answers with positive indices.
 - (a) $\left(\frac{xy}{z}\right)^5 \div \left(x^6z^{-2}\right)$
 - **(b)** $\left(\frac{a^2b^3}{c}\right)^0 \left(a^3b\right)$
 - (c) $\left(a^3b^2\right)^2 \div \left(\frac{b^2}{a}\right)^3$
 - (d) $(a^5b^{-2})^{-3}(-a^{-2}b)^{-2}$
- 3. Simplify the following expressions and express the answers with positive indices.
 - (a) $\frac{3a^3 \times 4a^4}{6a^5}$
 - **(b)** $\left(\frac{-2a^2}{b^3}\right)^3$
 - (c) $\frac{\left(4x^2y^{-3}\right)^{-2}}{\left(2x^{-1}y^{-2}\right)^{-1}}$
 - (d) $\frac{(6a)^{-2}(-3abc)^{-1}}{c^2}$